

# CAUTION

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

# **Termidor<sup>®</sup> Residual**

# Termiticide and Insecticide

## ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 100 g/L FIPRONIL

GROUP **2B** INSECTICIDE

For the protection of structures from subterranean termite damage and for the control of subterranean termites, ants, domestic cockroaches, earwigs, houseflies, web-spinning spiders, daddy-long-legs spiders, millipedes, pill bugs, and house crickets around domestic and commercial structures as specified in the Directions for Use Table.

## TO BE USED BY LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS ONLY

## IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USE.

NET CONTENTS: 1 - 20 L

#### BASF Australia Ltd ABN 62 008 437 867

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## APVMA Approval No.: 54624/142387



#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE: All States**

#### RESTRAINTS

Avoid runoff. DO NOT apply to excessively wet soils, immediately after or during heavy rain.

DO NOT apply at less than label rates.

DO NOT apply to internal surfaces.

PEST	SITUATION	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Subterranean termites including (but not limited to) <i>Coptotermes</i> <i>acinaciformis</i> , <i>Mastotermes</i> <i>darwiniensis</i> , <i>Schedorhinotermes</i> spp.	Pre- Construction: Chemical soil treated zones under and around new buildings and structures.	600 mL in 100 L water (0.06% a.i. mix)	Application by LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS: Mix the required quantity of TERMIDOR® with the specified volume of water. Apply to form a continuous chemical treated zone (horizontal and vertical or as an external perimeter) around and under the structure to be protected as per AS3660.1. Create a treated zone by using a combination of conventional spraying and trenching; or an approved reticulation system as listed below. Soil injection equipment (rodding) must only be used where trenching and treating the backfill is not possible or practical. Immediately following treatment, the moisture resistant membrane should be positioned over the treated zone to prevent disturbance. Chemical treated zones that have been disturbed will need to be re-treated to restore the complete treated zone. For more details refer to General Instructions.
	Post- Construction: Chemical soil treated zones under and around existing buildings and structures.	600 mL in 100 L water (0.06% a.i. mix)	Application by LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS: Mix the required quantity of TERMIDOR® with the specified volume of water. Apply to form a continuous chemical treated zone (horizontal and vertical or as an external perimeter) around and under the structure to be protected as per AS3660.2. Create a treated zone by using a combination of conventional spraying and trenching, or an approved reticulation system (listed below). Soil injection equipment (rodding) must only be used where trenching and treating the backfill is not possible or practical. Application of chemical treated zones beneath concrete slabs and paths will require drilling and injection of termiticide using rodding equipment. Construction practices, soil subsidence, difficult to wet soils and other factors may create situations where the use of non-ionic wetting agents or foam generating equipment may be useful. Chemical treated zones that have been disturbed will need to be re- applied to restore the complete treated zone. For more details refer to General Instructions.



PEST	SITUATION	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Subterranean	Reticulation	600 mL in	Application by LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS:
termites including	Systems	100 L water	The system must be installed according to the manufacturer's
(but not limited to)		(0.06% a.i.	specifications and be capable of distributing the termiticide emulsion
		mix)	according to the TERMIDOR® label (refer to General Instructions) and
Coptotermes		-	the Australian Standard AS3660 series.
acinaciformis,			Mix the required quantity of TERMIDOR <sup>®</sup> with the specified volume of
			water. Apply by pumping through the system according to the
Mastotermes			manufacturer's specifications. Use a minimum delivery volume of 100
darwiniensis,			L of emulsion per cubic metre of appropriate soil (eg: evenly
			compacted sandy loam soil).
Schedorhinotermes			Delivery pipes must be placed in such a position to ensure that the
spp.			requirements for both horizontal and vertical treated zones as specified
			in the Australian Standard AS3660 series are met. Special attention
			must also be afforded to the positioning of the delivery pipes to ensure
			that the resultant treated zone is continuous and complete.
	Protection of		Application by LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS:
	poles and		Only posts and poles in contact with soil need to be treated.
	fence posts		For existing posts and poles create a continuous TERMIDOR® treated
			zone 450 mm deep and 150 mm wide around the post or pole by
			trenching and puddle treating the back-fill. Soil injection equipment
			(rodding) must only be used where trenching and treating the backfill is
			not possible or practical.
			Use 100 L of prepared spray per cubic metre of soil around the pole or
			post.
			Note it is impossible to treat soil at the bottom of a sound post or pole
			so future attack via this route cannot be ruled out.
			If new posts or poles are being installed, the bottom of the hole and the
			back-fill should be treated at installation.
	Nests in poles		Application by LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS:
	and trees		Locate the nest by drilling holes into the pole or tree. Ensure the full
			dimension of the nest is known, particularly the highest extremity. Flood
			the nest with prepared TERMIDOR® spray. Volume will vary depending
			on the nest size.
			To aid distribution throughout the nest or in areas of difficult access, the
			use of foam generating equipment may be useful.
			Drill holes should be sealed after treatment.
			Do not treat trees whilst bearing edible fruit or nuts.
	Wall cavity	6 mL in 1 L	Mix the required volume of TERMIDOR® in water plus foaming agent to
	treatment	of water	achieve a final foam expansion ratio of 15:1. Locate the termite activity
			by drilling holes into the wall cavity.
			Foam directly into the termite carton material until saturated. Application
			to wall cavities behind plasterboard may result in some staining. Only apply to wall cavities where live termites are present.
			Termidor foaming is not designed and should not be used as a stand-
			alone treatment. Accordingly a continuous chemical treatment applied
			to the soil as per Australian Standard 3660.2 should be applied
			immediately following successful eradication of termite activity in the
			structure.
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PEST	SITUATION	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Nuisance Ants, including but not limited to: Argentine ant ( <i>Linepithema humile</i> ), black house ant ( <i>Ochetellus glaber</i> ), pedicel ant / odorous house ant ( <i>Tapinoma</i> spp.), Pharaoh's ant ( <i>Monomorium pharanonis</i> ), whitefooted ant ( <i>Technomyrmex</i> <i>albipes</i> )	External areas and surrounds of domestic, commercial, public and industrial buildings and structures.	3-6 mL in 1 L of water	Mix the required volume of TERMIDOR® in water. Treat surfaces 300 mm up and 300 mm out from where the building or structure touches the ground. Apply at the rate of 1 L of prepared suspension per 25 lineal metres. Pay particular attention to potential entry points, such as weep holes, cracks and crevices. Also apply to ant trails and where ants are active away from the nest. Structures may include retaining walls, fences, garden beds, sheds etc. Reapply as necessary.
Nesting ants, including but not limited to: Funnel Ant ( <i>Aphaenogaster pythia</i> ), Greenhead ants ( <i>Rhytidoponera</i> spp.), Meat Ants ( <i>Iridomyrmex</i> spp.), Red Imported Fire ant ( <i>Solenopsis</i> <i>invicta</i> ), Yellow Crazy ant ( <i>Anoplolepis gracilipes</i> ).	Spot application to nests in domestic situations.		Mix the required volume of TERMIDOR® in water. Treat the nest entrance or mound, and where ants are active away from the nest. Apply at the rate of 1 L of prepared suspension per 16 m <sup>2</sup> , or 60 mL per m <sup>2</sup> .
Domestic Cockroaches American cockroaches ( <i>Periplaneta americana</i> ), Australian Cockroaches ( <i>Periplaneta australasiae</i> ), Oriental Cochroaches ( <i>Blatella orientalis</i> ), Smokybrown Cockroaches ( <i>Periplaneta fuliginosa</i> )	External areas and surrounds of domestic, commercial, public and industrial buildings and structures.	6 mL in 1 L of water	Treat external surfaces 300 mm up and 300 mm out from where the building or structure touches the ground. Apply at the rate of 1 L of prepared suspension per 25 lineal metres. Pay particular attention to potential entry points, such as weep holes, cracks and crevices. Also apply to where pest(s) may be active away from the building including retaining walls, fences, garden beds, sheds etc. Apply at the rate of 1 L of prepared suspension per 16 m <sup>2</sup> .
Web-spinning spiders including Black House Spider ( <i>Baduma insignis</i> ) and Redback Spider ( <i>Lacrodectus</i> <i>hasseltti</i> )			Spray spiders, their webbing and areas where spiders may hide at the rate of 1 L of prepared suspension per 16 m <sup>2</sup> .
Daddy-long-legs spiders ( <i>Pholcus</i> <i>phalangioides</i> ), millipedes ( <i>Julus</i> <i>herperus</i> ), pill bugs ( <i>Armadillidium</i> <i>vulgare</i> ), house crickets ( <i>Acheta</i> <i>domesticus</i> ) and earwigs ( <i>Forficula</i> <i>auricularia</i> )			Apply directly onto spiders, millipedes, pill bugs, house crickets and earwigs as a spot treatment.



PEST	SITUATION	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Houseflies (Musca domestica)	External covered areas of domestic, commercial, public and industrial buildings and structures.	6 mL in 1 L of water	Apply to external surfaces where flies are likely to rest at the rate of 1L of prepared suspension per 16 m <sup>2</sup> .

# NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

#### **GENERAL PEST CONTROL**

TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> will control ants, domestic cockroaches, web-spinning spiders and houseflies by direct contact and residual activity on treated surfaces. When applied as a surface spray as directed, TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> will give up to 3 months control of ants at the lowest treatment rate and is best applied as PEST activity increases in early spring. A follow up application during summer may be required. TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> will control earwigs, daddy-long-leg spiders, millipedes, pill bugs and house crickets by direct contact (spot treatment) only.

#### **TERMITE CONTROL**

Chemical treatment for termite control around existing buildings should be considered to be part of an integrated approach to reduce the risk of termite attack and should be conducted by LICENSED PEST CONTROL OPERATORS. The steps below best describe the procedure for optimum termite management:

- The building owner should try to minimise water entering under and around the building and improve drainage to reduce moisture accumulating in these areas.
- Ventilation of sub-floor areas should also be optimised to reduce moisture accumulation.
- The area under the floor should be kept free from debris-timber such as off-cuts of wood or firewood.
- Treat with a residual chemical zone treatment such as TERMIDOR® in compliance with AS3660.2.
- Regular inspections should be carried out (at least annually as recommended by AS3660 Series).
- If any additional subsequent building or landscaping work causes disruption to the chemical soil treated zone it must be restored to maintain protection.

#### MIXING

Half fill the spray tank with water then add the required quantity of TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup>. Stir then top up the spray tank to the required volume. The use of this product in a tank mix with other insecticides is not recommended as the behaviour and efficacy of the product may be affected. Ensure equipment is free of leaks and clean from residues of other chemicals before mixing.

#### SOIL PREPARATION

Some soils will be difficult to wet (e.g. heavy clay soils) and there will be a greater chance of run-off of liquid from the surface; in these situations it will be necessary to loosen the soil to allow spray solution to percolate to form the treated zone; the soil should be scarified to a depth between 50 - 80 mm. In situations with very heavy soils the complete removal and replacement of the soil with a sandy loam type is recommended in order to form the treated zone. The replacement soil can be treated with TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> before placing into the trench via the use of appropriate soil mixing vessels. If soil replacement is not possible then the water volume should be reduced to ensure that run-off is minimised. A reduction in the water volume used should not be associated with a reduction in the mix rate of TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> – the same amount of active ingredient should be applied per given area or volume of soil; an increase in concentration of



termiticide will therefore be required. The tables below indicate mix rates if application volumes need to be reduced. It is not recommended that water volumes below 3 L/m<sup>2</sup> are used.

#### Horizontal Treated Zones

WATER RATE /m <sup>2</sup>	DILUTION RATE	CONCENTRATION	APPLICATION RATE
5 L/ m <sup>2</sup>	600 mL /100 L water	0.6 g/L	3.0 gai /m²
4 L/ m <sup>2</sup>	600 mL / 80 L water	0.75 g/L	3.0 gai/m <sup>2</sup>
3 L/ m <sup>2</sup>	600 mL / 60 L water	1 g/ L	3.0 gai/m <sup>2</sup>

#### **Vertical Treated Zones**

WATER RATE /m <sup>3</sup>	DILUTION RATE	CONCENTRATION	APPLICATION RATE
100 L/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mL/100 L water	0.6 g/L	60 gai/m <sup>3</sup>
90 L/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mL/90 L water	0.666 g/L	60 gai/m <sup>3</sup>
80 L/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mL/80 L water	0.75 g/L	60 gai/m <sup>3</sup>
70 L/m <sup>3</sup>	600 mL/70 L water	0.85 g/L	60 gai/m <sup>3</sup>

If the treated zone is being applied to a building on a slope a furrow should also be formed of a similar depth along the contour of the slope to prevent run-off of the termiticide. In situations where the surface is very dry or with sandy or porous soils the area will require moistening prior to application of chemical to prevent loss of chemical through piping or excessive percolation. Difficult to wet soils may create situations where the use of non-ionic wetting agents may be useful.

The use of rodding equipment in heavy clay soil can result in an uneven distribution of chemical; in such situations the preferred method of installing a treated zone is to trench and back-fill.

#### APPLICATION

Treated zones to protect both new and existing buildings may be installed using a combination of conventional spraying and trenching and approved reticulation systems. Spray equipment should be calibrated to deliver a low-pressure high volume coarse spray.

It is recommended the minimum thickness of any treated soil treated zone is 80 mm.

Treated zones that have been disturbed by construction, excavation and other soil disturbing activities will need reapplication to restore site to original condition.

#### Horizontal Treated Zones

Horizontal treated zones are to be applied to deter termites from gaining concealed vertical access to the building substructure.

Horizontal treated zones should cover all areas of soil beneath suspended floors where there is inadequate access or where there is less than 400 mm clearance. The treated zone should also be continuous beneath a concrete slab-onground or on fill. The treated zone should surround any connection between the building and the soil and completely abut any internal vertical treated zone around any substructure. Otherwise install perimeter treated zones around each individual pier, stump, penetration point and sub-structure wall.

Horizontal treated zones must be a minimum depth of 80 mm. It may be necessary to loosen the soil to allow spray solution to percolate to form the treated zone; the soil should be scarified to a depth between 50 - 80 mm. Apply 5 L of prepared TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> spray per m<sup>2</sup> of soil.

When termiticide needs to be injected through a concrete slab to create a horizontal treated zone, suitable equipment should be used to inject termiticide through pre-drilled holes. As uneven distribution of termiticide is likely when applying by this method under the slab, the application volume should be increased per m<sup>2</sup> up to 10 L of spray solution.

To ensure an even treated zone is created, it is also recommended that maximum drill spacings and minimum application volumes consistent with the following table be adopted. Use a slab injector fitted with a multi-directional tip. When



applying through such structures, the rod should be held vertically at 90° to the slab and rotated during application. Ensure a strong seal with the top of the drill hole to minimise leakage and that drill holes are plugged after treatment.

Soil type	Hole Spacing	Number of holes per square metre	Volume per hole to achieve 10 L/m <sup>2</sup>
Heavy clays	150 mm	36	0.3 L (300 mL) (36 x 0.3 = appro x 10 L/m <sup>2</sup> )
Other soils	200 mm	25	0.4 L (400 mL) (25 x 0.4 = approx 10 L/m <sup>2</sup> )

#### Foam Applications

Construction practices, soil subsidence under concrete slabs and other factors may create situations where a continuous horizontal treated zone cannot be achieved using conventional liquid treatments alone. In such situations conventional liquid application methods can be supplemented through the use of foam generating equipment.

TERMIDOR Mix Rate	Litres of prepared TERMIDOR spray	Foam Expansion Ratio	Volume of finished foam required/m <sup>2</sup>
	5	5:1	25 L
	10 (under concrete)	5:1	50 L
600 mL/100 L of water	5	10:1	50 L
plus recommended	10 (under concrete)	10:1	100 L
quantity of foaming agent	5	25:1	125 L
	10 (under concrete)	25:1	250 L

If sufficient foam volumes cannot be applied to achieve the recommended rate of TERMIDOR<sup>®</sup> required, apply additional prepared liquid solution to ensure the correct amount of active ingredient is present per m<sup>2</sup> of area treated.

#### Vertical Treated Zones

Vertical treated zones are designed to deter termites from gaining concealed horizontal access to a building or structure. Apply at least 100 L of prepared spray per cubic metre of soil. Vertical treated zones should be a minimum of 150 mm wide and applied to a depth 50 mm below the top of the footing. Where a horizontal treated zone is installed, the vertical treated zone should be installed to be continuous with it. The most effective method of creating an even and continuous treated zone is by trenching and treating the soil as it is back-filled. Soil injection equipment (rodding) must only be used where trenching and treating the back-fill is not possible or practical.

#### **Trenching**

Excavating a trench, treating the exposed trench, back filling and treating the back-fill is the preferred method of installing a vertical treated zone. The trench needs to be a minimum of 150 mm wide and continue to at least 50 mm below the top of the footing. Assuming a 150 mm wide trench with a 300 mm distance to the top of the footing, this would equate to a 150 mm x 350 mm trench in which 5.25 L of prepared spray would be applied per lineal metre of trench. Any variation of dimensions needs to be re-calculated on the basis of applying 100 L of prepared spray per cubic metre of soil.

#### Rodding through concrete

When applying a vertical treated zone underneath a concrete obstruction (eg. a path), a soil rod with a 3 or 4 way multidirectional tip should be used. The rod should be rotated during application (90° for a 4-way tip and 120° for a 3-way tip). The tip should be inserted down as close to the footing as possible to ensure a complete vertical treated zone. Ensure that chemical is applied during insertion and withdrawal of the rod. As uneven distribution of termiticide is likely when applying by this method under concrete, the application volume should be increased to 200 L spray solution per



cubic metre of soil. Rod spacing should not exceed 200 mm and application volume should be adjusted depending on soil type (as indicated in the table below) and the depth of the footing. Assuming a 300 mm depth to the top of the footing and 200 mm spaced holes, 2 L of prepared spray is to be applied per hole. Any variation of dimensions needs to be re-calculated on the basis of applying 200 L of prepared spray per cubic metre of soil.

Under concrete rodding				
Soil type	Hole spacing	Volume per hole		
Heavy clays	150 mm	1.5 L		
Other soils	200 mm	2.0 L		

#### **External Perimeter Treated zones**

An external perimeter treated zone should be a minimum of 150 mm wide, a minimum of 80 mm deep and extend not less than 50 mm below the lowest point where the construction below ground could allow concealed termite ingress (or not less than 50 mm below the top of the footing where the building fabric could allow concealed termite ingress). Application considerations should reflect the installation of vertical treated zones.

#### **AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS**

Licensed Pest Control Operators installing a chemical soil treated zone around new and existing buildings should be familiar with the Australian Standard 3660 series, which provides information relating to installation of chemical soil termite treatment zones.

#### AEPMA INDUSTRY CODE OF BEST PRACTICE

Licensed Pest Control Operators installing a chemical soil treated zone around an existing building should be familiar with the AEPMA Industry Code of Best Practice for Termite Management which provides important information relating to the installation of chemical soil termite treatment zones.

Licensed Pest Control Operators installing a chemical soil treated zone to a building under construction should be familiar with the AEPMA Industry Code of Best Practice for Termite Management during Constructions which provides important information relating to the installation of chemical soil termite treatment zones.

For details of appropriate Training, Experience and Qualifications for Professional Pest Managers/Technicians, refer to Section 7.1 of the AEPMA Industry Code of Best Practice for Termite Management.

For details of appropriate inspection standards, refer to Section 12.1 of the AEPMA Industry Code of Best Practice for Termite Management.

#### PERIOD OF PROTECTION

Data currently available indicates that this product, when applied as a soil treatment around or under a building or structure in accordance with this label, will be effective against subterranean termites for a minimum period of eight years. Delayed mortality effects may be observed meaning termites may live and continue to be active several weeks after penetrating the treated zone.

To re-establish the treated zone after the 8 year Period of Protection, re-application at full rates is required.

The actual protection period will also be affected by factors such as termite pressure, climatic and soil conditions and subsequent soil disturbance.

#### **RE-INSPECTION**

As with all chemical termiticides, regular inspections (at least annually) by a competent Licensed Pest Control Operator are recommended as bridging and breaching of treated zones can occur. The need for retreatment should be determined as a result of these inspections.



#### RESISTANCE WARNING

#### GROUP 2B INSECTICIDE

For insecticide resistance management Termidor Residual Termiticide and Insecticide is a Group 2B insecticide. Some naturally-occurring insect biotypes resistant to Termidor Residual Termiticide and Insecticide and other Group 2B insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if Termidor Residual Termiticide and Insecticide or other Group 2B insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of Termidor Residual Termiticide and Insecticide on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, BASF Australia Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Termidor Residual Termiticide and Insecticide and Insecticide and Insecticide to control resistant insects. Termidor Residual and Insecticide may be subject to specific resistance management strategies. For further information contact your BASF Australia Ltd representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

#### PRECAUTIONS

Residents and pets should not be allowed in a room being treated. Any spills should be cleaned up before leaving the room (refer to the SDS).

Ensure all heating/air conditioning ducts, air vents, plumbing pipes, sewer lines, floor drains, heating pipes and electrical lines/conduits are known and identified before commencing any application of termiticide. DO NOT puncture or contaminate any of these. Avoid application around edible plants.

#### **RE-ENTRY PERIOD**

DO NOT re-enter treated areas until spray has dried.

#### PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Highly toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. DO NOT apply to areas where surface water is present. Rinse waters and run-off from treated areas MUST be prevented from entering drains or waterways. Do NOT apply if heavy rains are expected to occur within 48 hours of application. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. Dangerous to bees.

#### PROTECTION OF PETS AND LIVESTOCK

Before spraying remove animals and pets from the areas to be treated. Cover or remove any open food and water containers. Cover or remove (as applicable) fish ponds, aquariums etc before spraying.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

#### SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Will irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash hands after use. When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear chemical resistant clothing buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, half-facepiece respirator with combined dust and gas cartridge and elbow-length PVC or nitrile gloves. After each day's use, wash gloves, contaminated clothing and respirator and if rubber wash with detergent and warm water.



#### FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766

#### SDS

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet.

#### **CONDITIONS OF SALE**

All conditions and warranties rights and remedies implied by law or arising in contract or tort whether due to the negligence of BASF Australia Ltd ABN 62008437867 or otherwise are hereby expressly excluded so far as the same may legally be done provided however that any rights of the Buyer pursuant to non excludable conditions or warranties of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 or any relevant legislation of any State are expressly preserved but the liability of BASF Australia Ltd or any intermediate Seller pursuant thereto shall be limited if so permitted by the said legislation to the replacement of the goods sold or the supply of equivalent goods and all liability for indirect or consequential loss or damage of whatsoever nature is expressly excluded. This product must be used or applied strictly in accordance with the instructions appearing hereon. This product is solely sold for use in Australia and must not be exported without the prior written consent of BASF Australia Ltd.

APVMA Approval No.: 54624/142387

Batch No: Date of Manufacture:

Registered trademark of BASFCopyright, 2025



We create chemistry

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# FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY ONLY PHONE 1800 803 440 TOLL FREE-ALL HOURS-AUSTRALIA WIDE

#### **GHS STATEMENTS**

Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children. Read carefully and follow all instructions. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth Collect spillage.